no such claim shall be disregarded where:

- (i) There is evidence of fraud or a violation of Federal, State or local criminal law; or
- (ii) Program operations would be adversely affected.
- (5) The State agency shall maintain records and substantiating documents, on all claims actions and adjustments including documentation of those cases in which no claim was asserted because of the minimal amount involved.
- (6) In making final claim determinations for commodity losses incurred by eligible recipient agencies when there is no evidence of fraud or negligence, State agencies and FNS Regional Offices, as applicable, shall consider the special needs and circumstances of the eligible recipient agencies, and adjust the claim and/or conditions for claim collection as appropriate. These special needs and circumstances include but are not limited to the eligible recipient agency's use of volunteers and limited financial resources and the effect of the claim on the organization's ability to meet the food needs of low-income populations.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0584-0313 and 0584-0341)

[51 FR 12823, Apr. 16, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 17933, May 13, 1987; 52 FR 42634, Nov. 6, 1987; 59 FR 16974, Apr. 11, 1994; 64 FR 72904, Dec. 29, 1999]

§251.5 Eligibility determinations.

- (a) Criteria for determining eligibility of organizations. Prior to making commodities or administrative funds available, State agencies, or eligible recipient agencies to which the State agency has delegated responsibility for the distribution of TEFAP commodities or administrative funds, must ensure that an organization applying for participation in the program meets the definition of an "eligible recipient agency" under §251.3(d). In addition, applicant organizations must meet the following criteria:
- (1) Agencies distributing to households. Organizations distributing commodities to households for home consumption must limit the distribution of commodities provided under this part to those households which meet the eli-

gibility criteria established by the State agency in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.

- (2) Agencies providing prepared meals. Organizations providing prepared meals must demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the State agency, or eligible recipient agency to which they have applied for the receipt of commodities or administrative funds, that they serve predominantly needy persons. State agencies may establish a higher standard than "predominantly" and may determine whether organizations meet the applicable standard by considering socioeconomic data of the area in which the organization is located, or from which it draws its clientele. State agencies may not, however, require organizations to employ a means test to determine that recipients are needy, or to keep records solely for the purpose of demonstrating that its recipients are needy.
- (3) Tax-exempt status. Private organizations must—
- (i) Be currently operating another Federal program requiring tax-exempt status under the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), or
- (ii) Possess documentation from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) recognizing tax-exempt status under the IRC, or
- (iii) If not in possession of such documentation, be automatically tax exempt as "organized or operated exclusively for religious purposes" under the IRC, or
- (iv) If not in possession of such documentation, but required to file an application under the IRC to obtain taxexempt status, have made application for recognition of such status and be moving toward compliance with the requirements for recognition of tax-exempt status. If the IRS denies a participating organization's application for recognition of tax-exempt status, the organization must immediately notify the State agency or the eligible recipient agency, whichever is appropriate, of such denial, and that agency will terminate the organization's agreement and participation immediately upon receipt of such notification. If documentation of IRS recognition of tax-exempt status has not been

§ 251.6

obtained and forwarded to the appropriate agency within 180 days of the effective date of the organization's approval for participation in TEFAP, the State agency or eligible recipient agency must terminate the organization's participation until such time as recognition of tax-exempt status is actually obtained, except that the State agency or eligible recipient agency may grant a single extension not to exceed 90 days if the organization can demonstrate, to the State agency's or eligible recipient agency's satisfaction, that its inability to obtain tax-exempt status within the 180 day period is due to circumstances beyond its control. It is the responsibility of the organization to document that it has complied with all IRS requirements and has provided all information requested by IRS in a timely manner.

- (b) Criteria for determining recipient eligibility. Each State agency must establish uniform Statewide criteria for determining the eligibility of households to receive commodities provided under this part for home consumption. The criteria must:
- (1) Enable the State agency to ensure that only households which are in need of food assistance because of inadequate household income receive TEFAP commodities;
- (2) Include income-based standards and the methods by which households may demonstrate eligibility under such standards; and
- (3) Include a requirement that the household reside in the geographic location served by the State agency at the time of applying for assistance, but length of residency shall not be used as an eligibility criterion.
- (c) Delegation of authority. A State agency may delegate to one or more eligible recipient agencies with which the State agency enters into an agreement the responsibility for the distribution of commodities and administrative funds made available under this part. State agencies may also delegate the authority for selecting eligible recipient agencies and for determining the eligibility of such organizations to receive commodities and administrative funds. However, responsibility for establishing eligibility criteria for organizations in accordance with para-

graph (a) of this section, and for establishing recipient eligibility criteria in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, may not be delegated. In instances in which State agencies delegate authority to eligible recipient agencies to determine the eligibility of organizations to receive commodities and administrative funds, eligibility must be determined in accordance with the provisions contained in this part and the State plan. State agencies will remain responsible for ensuring that commodities and administrative funds are distributed in accordance with the provisions contained in this part.

[64 FR 72904, Dec. 29, 1999]

§251.6 Distribution plan.

- (a) *Contents of the plan.* The State agency must submit for approval by the appropriate FNS Regional Office a plan which contains:
- (1) A designation of the State agency responsible for distributing commodities and administrative funds provided under this part, and the address of such agency;
- (2) A plan of operation and administration to expeditiously distribute commodities received under this part;
- (3) A description of the standards of eligibility for recipient agencies, including any subpriorities within the two-tier priority system; and
- (4) A description of the criteria established in accordance with §251.5(b) which must be used by eligible recipient agencies in determining the eligibility of households to receive TEFAP commodities for home consumption.
- (b) *Plan submission.* A complete plan will be required for Fiscal Year 2001, to be submitted no later than August 15, 2000. Thereafter, a complete plan must be submitted every 4 years, due no later than August 15 of the fiscal year prior to the end of the 4 year cycle.
- (c) Amendments. State agencies must submit amendments to the distribution plan to the extent that such amendments are necessary to reflect any changes in program operations or administration as described in the plan, or at the request of FNS, to the appropriate FNS Regional Office.

[64 FR 72905, Dec. 29, 1999]